

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

BIOLOGY

9700/31 May/June 2016

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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International Examinations

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Mark scheme abbreviations:

;	separates marking points

- *I* alternative answers for the same point
- R reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
- **AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- **<u>underline</u>** actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
- **max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- ora or reverse argument
- **mp** marking point (with relevant number)
- ecf error carried forward
- I ignore

Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	9700	31
(<i>decides level of water</i>) two levels of water drawn + labelled 'before' + 'after' ;	Visking tub	ing; [2]
<i>(decisions on completion of table)</i> correct volumes of G for four further dilutions ; correct total volumes of 10 for each concentration ;		[2]
 heading (top left of data), %/percentage concentration of reducing sugar solution; heading (any column/row), time + seconds; <i>collects</i> readings of reducing sugar solutions as whole seconds 		[4]
(decision about variable to standardise) volume/3 cm ³ , of Benedict's (solution) or volume/2 cm ³ , of U /same temperature (of water-bath) ;	ole or	[1]
<i>(interprets results)</i> time recorded in whole seconds + correct units ;		[1]
estimate for U matches results in (a)(iii) ;		[1]
 (x-axis) percentage concentration of sucrose solution + (y-axis) time (to) decolourise potassium manganate(VII) solution/s; (scale on x-axis) 0.5 to 2 cm + labelled at least every 2 cm + (scale on y-axis) 40.0 to 2 cm, labelled at least each 2 cm; 	;	[4]
<i>(interpretation)</i> correctly reads from graph time to decolourise at 1.75% ; correctly reads from graph time to decolourise + units ;		[2]
more substrate/higher enzyme activity;	omplexes/E	SCs; [2]
sucrose concentration ;	centration o	r named
 (Independent variable pH) at least five pH or five examples ; (method) use of <u>buffer</u>s (to make pH at regular intervals) ; 	I	[3] [Total: 22]
	 bottom level drawn still above / covering the level of reducing sugar (decisions on completion of table) correct volumes of G for four further dilutions ; correct total volumes of 10 for each concentration ; (recording results) heading (top left of data), % / percentage concentration of reducing sugar solution ; heading (any column/row), time + seconds ; collects readings of reducing sugar solutions as whole seconds concentration at top + other concentrations in decreasing order (decision about variable to standardise) volume /3 cm³, of Benedict's (solution) or volume /2 cm³, of U/samplemperature (of water-bath) ; (interprets results) time recorded in whole seconds + correct units ; estimate for U matches results in (a)(iii) ; (line graph) (x-axis) percentage concentration of sucrose solution + (y-axis) time (to) decolourise potassium manganate(VII) solution/s ; (scale on y-axis) 0.5 to 2 cm + labelled at least every 2 cm + (scale on y-axis) 40.0 to 2 cm, labelled at least each 2 cm ; correct plotting of five points with a small cross or dot in circle ; five plots + thin line drawn ; (interpretation) correctly reads from graph time to decolourise at 1.75% ; correctly reads from graph time to decolourise + units ; (conclusion) more substrate / higher enzyme activity ; more active sites occupied / bind / join or more enzyme-substrate coding five plots + units piecer ploting plut + plut as the pH or five examples ; (modifications) (independent variable PH) at least five pH or five examples ;	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016 9700 (decides level of water) two levels of water drawn + labelled 'before' + 'after' ; bottom level drawn still above / covering the level of reducing sugar Visking tub (decisions on completion of table) covering the level of reducing sugar Visking tub (decisions on completion of table) covering the level of reducing sugar Visking tub (decisions on completion of table) correct total volumes of 10 for each concentration ; (recording results) 1 heading (top left of data), %/ percentage concentration of reducing sugar solution ; 2. heading (any column /row), time + seconds ; 3 collects readings of reducing sugar solutions as whole seconds ; 4. concentration at top + other concentrations in decreasing order ; (decision about variable to standardise) volume/3 cm ³ , of Benedict's (solution) or volume/2 cm ³ , of U/sample or temperature (of water-bath) ; (interprets results) time recorded in whole seconds + correct units ; estimate for U matches results in (a)(iii) ; (line graph) 1. (x-axis) percentage concentration of sucrose solution + (y-axis) time (to) decolourise potassium manganate(VII) solution/s ; solution /s ; 2. (scale on x-axis) 0.5 to 2 cm + labelled at least every 2 cm + (scale on y-axis) 40.0 to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm + (scale on y-axis) 40.0 to 2 cm, labelled at least every 2 cm ; <td< th=""></td<>

 (ii) (<i>drawing</i>) quality of line for outer wall of cells + size at least 40 mm across largest cell; only four cells drawn, each cell touching at least one other cell; cell walls drawn as two lines close together; cells drawn with correct proportion of length to width; uses one label line + one label to cell wall; (b) (i) (<i>calculation</i>) <i>collects</i> correct measurements of lines K, L, M, N, O + correct units for each measurement; shows division by the magnification (25); (ii) (<i>displays and division</i>) shows addition of 5 measurements + shows division by 5; correct answer + correct units; (c) (<i>observable difference between root on J1 and stem in Fig. 2.2</i>) organises comparison into three columns with one column for features, one headed J1 and one headed Fig. 2.2; <i>any three</i> observable differences of comparison ;;; e.g. J1 has smaller air cavities than Fig 2.2 	Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
 1. plan diagram of appropriate size + no shading; 2. no cells + correct section drawn; 3. endodermis shown by two lines in the correct proportions; 4. uses one label line + one label to xylem; (ii) (drawing) 1. quality of line for outer wall of cells + size at least 40 mm across largest cell; 2. only four cells drawn, each cell touching at least one other cell; 3. cell walls drawn as two lines close together; 4. cells drawn with correct proportion of length to width; 5. uses one label line + one label to cell wall; (b) (i) (calculation) collects correct measurements of lines K, L, M, N, O + correct units for each measurement; shows division by the magnification (25); (ii) (displays and division) shows addition of 5 measurements + shows division by 5; correct answer + correct units; (iii) (conclusion) aquatic + air cavities for buoyancy or support or providing / storing oxygen; (c) (observable difference between root on J1 and stem in Fig. 2.2) organises comparison into three columns with one column for features, one headed J1 and one headed Fig. 2.2; any three observable differences of comparison;;; e.g. J1 has smaller air cavities than Fig 2.2 		Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9700	31
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 shows addition of 5 measurements + shows division by 5; correct answer + correct units; (iii) (conclusion) aquatic + air cavities for buoyancy or support or providing/storing oxygen; (c) (observable difference between root on J1 and stem in Fig. 2.2) organises comparison into three columns with one column for features, one headed J1 and one headed Fig. 2.2; any three observable differences of comparison ;;; e.g. J1 has smaller air cavities than Fig 2.2 	(b) (i)	collects correct measurements of lines K, L, M, N, O + correct units each measurement ;	s for	[2]
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	orga	anises comparison into three columns with one column for features, e headed J1 and one headed Fig. 2.2 ; <i>y three</i> observable differences of comparison ;;;		
[Total: 18		e.g. J1 has smaller air cavities than Fig 2.2		[4]
				[Total: 18]